



Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation

Information Technology Infrastructure Operations Department (ITIOD)

Personnel Security Service (PSS) Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA)

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1 PRIVACY POINT OF CONTACT

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2 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

A Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is an analysis of how information is/will be handled:

- i. To ensure handling conforms to applicable legal, regulatory, and policy requirements regarding privacy,
- ii. To determine risks and effects of collecting, maintaining, and disseminating information in an identifiable form in an electronic information system, and
- iii. To examine and evaluate protections and alternative processes for handling information to mitigate potential privacy risks.

Privacy concerns are highest for systems that contain Personally Identifiable Information (PII). PII is defined as information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity, either alone or when combined with other information that is linked or linkable to a specific individual. Because there are many types of information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity, the term PII is necessarily broad.

For example, consider a person named Mary Jones. There are over 200 million results in an internet search for this name. But if we combine information such as a date of birth, the last four digits of a (or worse, an entire) Social Security Number, or a spouse's name, the number of persons to whom we could be referring begins to narrow quite rapidly. These types of information are considered identifiers. Identifiers that uniquely identify a person are the focus of privacy protection.



2.1 The Components of the System

Name of component	Describe the component (1 or 2 sentences)	Does this component contain PII	In what system of records (SORN) is this information stored	What is the Legal Authority for collection of this information	Does this system share PII internally (please detail in question 9)
eDelivery	eDelivery is an electronic solution hosted by DCSA. It provides PBGC's Information Technology Infrastructure Operations Department (ITIOD) with the ability to securely retrieve investigative files to process, adjudicate, and track the status of background investigation cases.	, √es	PBGC-12: Personnel Security Investigation Records	29 U.S.C. 1302 5 U.S.C. 3301 44 U.S.C. 3101 EO 10577 EO 12968 EO 13467 EO 13488 5 CFR 5.2 5 CFR 731, 732 and 736 5 CFR 1400 OMB Circular A- 130, Appendix III 61 FR 6428 FIPS 201	\ \
USAccess	The USAccess Program offers a shared service to PBGC with all the components necessary to manage the full lifecycle of a PIV credential. This service allows for a single system to sponsor, enroll, issue, and maintain a common identity credential for each participant, and includes built-in workflow processes at every stage of the credentialing process	Yes	PBGC-12: Personnel SecurityInvestigation Records	29 U.S.C. 1302 5 U.S.C. 3301 44 U.S.C. 3101 EO 10450 EO 10577 EO 12968 EO 13467 EO 13488 5 CFR 5.2 5 CFR 731, 732 and 736 5 CFR 1400 OMB Circular A- 130, AppendixIII 61 FR 6428	Yes



Name of component	Describe the component (1 or 2 sentences)	Does this component contain PII	In what system of records (SORN) is this information stored	What is the Legal Authority for collection of this information	Does this system share PII internally (please detail in question 9)
				FIPS 201 HSPD 12	
Personnel Security Investigation Solution (PSIS)	PSIS is a background investigation and security clearance query application. This application is a case management system that enables ITIOD to update and query relevant information about employees' and contractors' background investigations and security clearances. PSIS uses the separate eDelivery system to securely retrieve investigative files to process, adjudicate, and track the status of PBGC background investigative files to brocess.	X-es	PBGC- 12 - Personnel Security Investigation Records	29 U.S.C. 1302 5 U.S.C. 3301 44 U.S.C. 3101 EO 10450 EO 10577 EO 13467 EO 13488 5 CFR 5.2 5 CFR 731, 732 and 736 5 CFR 7400 OMB Circular A- 130, AppendixIII 61 FR 6428 FIPS 201	Yes

2.2 The System as a Whole

1. Please describe the purpose of the system, when considered as a whole, please include if this is an existing system (either an annual recertification update or a major change).

The system supports secure retrieval of investigative files to process, adjudicate, and track the status of background investigation PSS is a collection of solutions and processes supporting background investigations and security clearance case management. cases and the resulting issuance of credentials. This subsystem is a FISMA child of the parent ITISGSS and is not FISMA reportable.



2. What are the Confidentiality, Availability, and Integrity ratings for the system as a whole?

Confidentiality Moderate Integrity Moderate Availability Moderate

3. List and discuss the sources from which the system collects PII (for instance, from an individual, another federal agency, etc.); the format in which PII is collected (for instance, via a form, face-to-face, phone, etc.); the notification given at time of collection from an individual regarding the Privacy Act and the ability to opt-out of collection (and the consequences of opting out). Include a copy of all forms and Privacy Act statements used to collect information.

PII information is collected from employees and contractors. The format for collecting PII includes submitted forms via email, phone communication and federal agency website.

All investigative case details, including PII, are retained in a secure IT system or safe with restricted access. Some information, such as UPN and AD-ID, are pulled from other systems (General Services Administration (GSA) reports and Active Directory). The Defense Counterintelligence and Security Agency (DCSA) randomly mails hard copy documents & case files to PBGC Personnel Security, this information is scanned and uploaded into the PSIS application, unless the documents contain classified information, in which case the hard copy documents are maintained in a PBGC safe as required by law.

4. Discuss any privacy controls that PBGC inherits from an external provider (cloud provider, third party provider, another government agency, etc.) If an Interconnection Security Agreement (ISA), Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), or similar document is in place, please summarize the privacy applicable portions of that document.

No privacy controls are inherited from any external providers. There is a valid MOU between PBGC and DCSA (Agreement Number: 796), and a valid IAA between PBGC and GSA (IAA 20H0010). Both parties agree to work together to ensure the joint security of the connected systems and the data they store, process, and transmit, as specified in the ISA. Each party certifies that its respective system is designed, managed, and operated in compliance with all relevant federal laws, regulations, and policies. In order to comply with the provisions of the Privacy Act, Personally Identifiable Information (PII) captured will be secured in compliance with the Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA) and not subject to unauthorized distribution.



5. For the user roles in the system:

Role Name	Number of Users in that Role (AD)	Approver	Access Level (Read, Write, etc.)	Recertification Date
Adjudicator	5	Manager/COR and PSS Administrator	Create, Read, Write, Update, Delete, Search	Annually
Admin Read Only	2	Manager/COR and PSS Administrator	Read, Search	Annually
Administrator	9	Manager/COR and PSS Administrator	Create, Read, Write, Update, Delete, Search	Annually
eFile	6	Manager/COR and PSS Administrator	Create, Read, Update,	Annually
Manager Reviewer	0	Manager/COR and PSS Administrator	Read, Write, Update, Search	Annually
Interface Administrator	0	Manager/COR and PSS Administrator	Create, Read, Write, Update, Delete, Search	Annually
Security Specialist	9	Manager/COR and PSS Administrator	Create, Read, Write, Update, Delete, Search	Annually
OIG	0	Manager/COR and PSS Administrator	Read, Search	Annually

6.	Does the	System	leverage	the	Enterprise	Access	Controls?
		\square	Yes				

□ No

7. Discuss the Physical, Technical, and Administrative controls that are employed to secure the PII in the system.

- Physical Controls Entrance to PBGC HQ facilities employ armed guards and a PIV activated turnstile. Suites which include Data Centers require a PIV for physical access. Physical security controls employed to secure the PII in the system include:
 - Security guards
 - Secured Facility
 - Key Entry



- Identification Badges (PIV)
- Locked Offices
- Locked File Cabinets
- Technical Controls All PBGC users are required to go through the PBGC GetITAccess service portal to request access to PSS components. The granting of privileges is based on least privilege and separation of duties. Technical controls employed to secure the PII in the system include:
 - Password protection
 - Virtual Private Network (VPN)
 - Firewalls
 - Unique user identification names
 - Encryption
 - Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems (IDPS)
 - Personal Identity Verification (PIV) card access
 - Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) Certificates
- Administrative Controls All PBGC users are required to complete privacy training annually. Administrative controls employed to secure the PII in the system include:
 - Periodic Security Audits
 - Regular Monitoring of User's Activities
 - Annual Security, Privacy, and Records Management Refresher Training
 - Backups Secured Offsite
 - Encryption of Backups containing sensitive data
 - Role-Based Training
 - Least Privilege Access
 - Mandatory on-boarding training for security, privacy, and Records management personnel
- 8. For the PII in the system, discuss the actual/intended uses of the PII; the steps taken to limit the PII collected to the minimum needed; and the reasons the PII is necessary and relevant.

PII collected is used to perform background investigation to support the suitability and eligibility determination process for federal employees and contractors. PBGC Personnel Security limits PII collection only to what is needed to accomplish the stated purpose for its collection. Furthermore, much of the PII collected is necessary for production of the PIV card, in accordance with federal standards.

9. Discuss the data flows within the system (include sources of data for data flowing into the system, destinations for data flowing out of the system, and any routine uses applicable to the system). For any information that is shared internally, be sure to discuss whether these data interconnections are noted in CSAM. Be sure to include any MOU, ISA, or Interagency Agreements.



Currently, PSS leverages the eDelivery interface as outlined in the PBGC and DCSA Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) to securely retrieve investigative files. The MOU is located in CSAM and was signed 07/09/2020.

eDelivery consists of three distinct aspects: the content, packaging, and delivery of investigative case material.

Content

The investigative content of the eDelivery investigative case material file will be identical to the investigative content of a mailed hard copy version of the investigative case material.

Packaging

eDelivery packages the contents of an investigative file in a 256-bit encrypted ZIP file, the Distributed Investigative File (DIF). The DIF serves as an electronic representation of the investigative file and provides both a graphic representation of a printed file and a data representation of certain documents.

Delivery

PBGC investigative case material will be transferred via a nightly batch transmission. The transmission will include a crosswalk manifest listing all cases included in the transfer and all corresponding DIF files.

USAccess: All biographic and biometric data collected by PBGC's enrollment station (Personnel Security) is transmitted to the USAccess Integrated Data Management System (IDMS) over an encrypted channel. Data is transferred to a GSA-contracted commercial smart card printing/personalizing provider over a Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) connection. PIV applicant name, agency affiliation, facial image, height, eye color, hair color and employee contractor status data are exchanged with this provider. Data is also transferred to the Office of Personnel Management/Defense Counterintelligence and Security Agency over a Secure Virtual Private Network connection. PIV applicant biographic and biometric (fingerprint) data are transmitted to this provider to facilitate PBGC background investigation processes.

PSIS: The Personnel Security Investigation Solution (PSIS) is built on Entellitrak COTS application to enter and track information needed to support background investigations. PII data is ingested by DLP for Exact Data Matching from PSIS to Symantec DLP for Exact Data Matching. The ingested data includes federal and contractor personnel PII (first name, last name, SSN, and DOB). The data values are updated during the ingestion and only the hash values are stored in DLP. The DLP policies for PSS were last updated on 7/21/2021.

Process Updates:

The resources, personnel, and functions of the National Background Investigations Bureau (NBIB), which was previously under the U.S. Office of Personnel Management (OPM), were transferred to DCSA effective October 1, 2019. As of that date, the background investigations process previously carried out by NBIB is carried out by DSCA and all investigative records previously owned by OPM are now owned by DCSA. The legacy IT systems housing the investigative records are, at the time of the MOU, owned and operated by OPM. DCSA has a service level agreement with OPM for the continued use and support of the OPM IT systems



in support of background investigations conducted by DCSA. If at any time during the period of the MOU OPM transfers ownership of the IT systems supporting this eDelivery process to DCSA, the MOU agreement shall continue to remain valid as specified in section 10 of the MOU.

10. Does the system leverage the commonly offered control for Accounting of Disclosures?

2.3 Privacy Office Review				
Name of Reviewer	Margaret Drake			
Date Reviewed	08/03/2022			
Expiration Date	08/02/2023			
Result	☐ Approved with conditions (see below).			
□ Denied				
(For Privacy Office Use Only) Discuss analysis of risks and compensating controls (or other mitigation steps).				
Enter description here.				
Discuss any conditions on Approval				
Enter description here.				